

## WAFER-TYPE NON-RETURN VALVE RD 40 DN 125 – DN 200

## **DESCRIPTION**

The RD40 disc check valve has a compact design and was specially designed for use with steam and hot condensate.

Connections are flanged (wafer type)

## MAIN FEATURES

Low pressure drop.

Simple and compact design.

Overall lengths according to DIN 3202 part 3-K4

OPTIONS: Soft sealing:

EPDM (E), NBR (N), VITON

(V), PTFE (T).

Inconel springs

USE: Saturated steam, water and

other gases (Group 2) compatible with the

construction

**AVAILABLE** 

MODELS: RD 40

SIZES: DN 125 to DN 200

CONNECTIONS: Sandwiched between flanges

as per EN 1092 or ANSI.

INSTALLATION: Horizontal or vertical installation

.See IMI, installation a maintenance instructions.

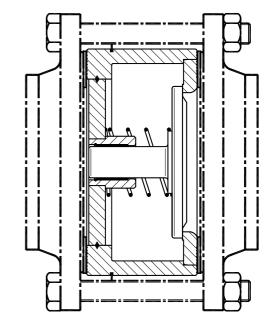
RATING: PN 10 / PN 40

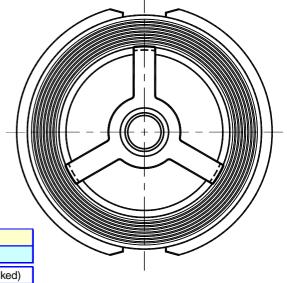
LIMIT OF

OPERATION: As per EN 1092

Recommended limit of operation with soft seats ( °C)				
EPDM (E)	PDM (E) NBR (N)		PTFE (T)	
130°	95°	180°	180°	

CE MARKING (PED - European Directive 97/23/EC)					
PN 10/16	PN 25	PN 40	Category		
DN125 to DN200	DN125	/	Category 1 (CE marked)		
/	DN150-DN200	DN125	Category 2 (CE marked)		
/	/	DN150-DN200	Category 3 (CE marked)		





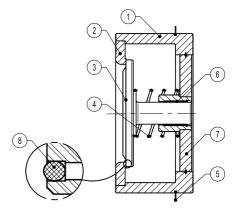






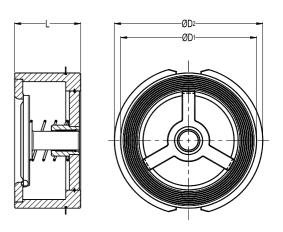
STEAM EQUIPMENT

	DIMENSIONS (mm)						
DN	D1 PN10/16	D2 PN25	D2 PN40	D2 ANSI150	D2 ANSI300	L	Weight Kgs
125	192	192	192	192	216	90	11
150	218	226	226	218	251	106	13,5
200	273	286	293	273	308	140	24

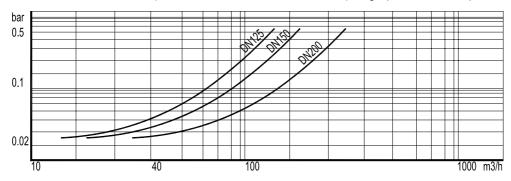


MATERIALS					
POS.	DESIGNATION	MATERIAL			
1	Valve body	S355J2G3 / 1.0570			
2	Seat	AISI316 / 1.4401			
3	*Disc	AISI316 / 1.4401			
4	*Spring	AISI302 / 1.4300			
5	Centering ring	AISI304 / 1.4301			
6	Bearing	Steel Fe Zn			
7	Star	S355J2G3 / 1.0570			
8	*Soft seal	See options			
*Available spare parts					

Minimum opening pressures with standard spring in mbar						
DN		125 150		200		
D.P.	<b>A</b>	37	40	46		
D.P.	<b>→</b>	22	25	28		
D.P.	<b>*</b>	7	10	10		
Flow direction	n.		$\longrightarrow$			



Pressure drop, horizontal flow, standard spring (water - 20°)



To determine the pressure drop of other mediums the equivalent water flow volume has to be calculated:  $V_W = \sqrt{\frac{Q}{1000}} \times V$ 

 $Vw = Equivalent \ water \ flow \ volume \ in \ m3/h \ ; \ Q = Density \ in \ Kg/m3 \ ; \ V = Flow \ volume \ in \ m3/h$ 

